## Pygame - Dev Notes - Colour

A brief intro to using colour with Python's Pygame module.

## Contents

- Intro
- Mixing colours

## Intro

There is a clearly defined pattern we may use to work with colours in Pygame.

Each colour is defined using the standard RGB primary colours, which include

- Red
- Green
- Blue.

We may then start to create our secondary colours as variants and combinations of these three primary colours. e.g.

- cyan = blue + green
- magenta = blue + red
- yellow = green + red

We may also create base colours for black and white. e.g.

- black = no colours
- white = red + green + blue

## Mixing colours

To create a particular colour, we're effectively defining how much of each primary colour we require mixing.

This mixing uses a known scale from **0** to **255** for each primary colour, therefore giving a possible 256 points per colour on the scale.

We may define each of the above colours, for example, as follows

- red = rgb(255, 0, 0)
- green = rgb(0, 255, 0)
- blue = rgb(0, 0, 255)
- cyan = rgb(0, 255, 255)
- magenta = rgb(255, 0, 255)
- yellow = rgb(255, 255, 0)
- black = rgb(0, 0, 0)
- white = rgb(255, 255, 255)

If we consider the sheer number of colour options for this scale, we end up with

• 256 \* 256 \* 256 = 16,777,216

So, we have over 16 million possible colour variations for our game's design and rendering.